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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/619,677	07/15/2003	Jessica Elizabeth LeMay	460.2242USQ	7057
7590 08/25/2005			EXAMINER	
CHARLES N.J. RUGGIERO, ESQ.			STEPHENS, JACQUELINE F	
OHLANDT, GREELEY, RUGGIERO & PERLE, L.L.P.		, pri pur	DADED AND ADED	
10th FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER

ONE LANDMARK SQUARE STAMFORD, CT 06901-2682

3761 DATE MAILED: 08/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		)P				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	_			
	10/619,677	LEMAY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_			
	Jacqueline F. Stephens	3761				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	_			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 Ju						
<i>'</i> =	, <del>-</del>					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. 11, 43	03 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 22-27 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 22-27 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the lddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

Art Unit: 3761

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Page 2

## Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 6/10/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues Koch does not disclose or suggest any barrel with a finger grip section having a first region that intersects the main section and having a first outer dimension, the gripping region intersecting with the first region and having a second outer dimension, and the second region intersecting with the gripping region having a third outer dimension, where the first outer dimension is larger than the second outer dimension and ther third outer dimension is larger than the second outer dimension.

The examiner has identified by designated reference numerals 1-18 to depict various elements of the Koch invention, a finger grip section 15 on the plunger-receiving end 10 and a reverse taper section 14 adjacent the finger grip section in the direction of the insertion end 1 of the barrel. The examiner considers the section 4 to have a first outer dimension A, which intersection the second dimension B, which intersects the third outer dimension C. A and C are larger than B, which is illustrated on page 5 of the Office Action mailed 3/10/05.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Art Unit: 3761

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Page 3

3. Claims 22-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Koch et al. Des. 250,663.

As to claim 22, Koch discloses a tampon applicator comprising: an insertion tip 1 having a plurality of pleats 17; a main section 16; and a finger grip having a first region 4, a gripping region 15, and a second region 14, wherein the first region 4 intersects with main section 16 at a first plain having a first outer dimension A. The gripping region 15 intersects the first region and has a second outer dimension B. The second region 8 intersects the gripping region 15 and has a third outer dimension C. The first outer dimension being larger than the second outer dimension and the third outer dimension being larger than the second outer dimension.

(see below figure in Koch where examiner has designated reference numerals 1-18 to depict various elements of the Koch invention) finger grip section **15** on the plunger-receiving end and a reverse taper section **14** adjacent the finger grip section in the direction of the insertion end **1** of the barrel.

As to claim 23, the maximum outer dimension is located closer to the finger grip 15 than to the insertion tip 1.

As to claim 24, the third outer dimension C is equal to the first outer dimension A.

Application/Control Number: 10/619,677 Page 4

Art Unit: 3761

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Koch.

As to claims 25 and 26, Koch discloses the present invention substantially as claimed except Koch does not disclose a taper ratio. However, Koch discloses a tampon inserter having a curved insertion tip similar in structure to the curved insertion tip of the present invention. Therefore, it is reasonable for the examiner to conclude the curved insertion tip of Koch would not constitute a severe curvature and accordingly,

Art Unit: 3761

high diameter to length ratio, and thus enabling easy insertion of the tampon. In *Gardner v. TEC Systems*, *Inc.*, 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), *cert. denied*, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984), the Federal Circuit held that, where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device.

As to claim 27 Koch discloses the present invention substantially as claimed except Koch does not disclose the petal length-to-width ratio. However, Koch discloses a tampon inserter having an insertion end sized to enable the plunger to expel the pledget. In *Gardner v. TEC Systems*, *Inc.*, 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), *cert. denied*, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984), the Federal Circuit held that, where the only difference between the prior art and the claims was a recitation of relative dimensions of the claimed device and a device having the claimed relative dimensions would not perform differently than the prior art device, the claimed device was not patentably distinct from the prior art device.

#### Double Patenting

7. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11

Art Unit: 3761

F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

8. Claims 22-27 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 23-31 of copending Application No. 10242474. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the present invention does not claim a plunger. However, it would be obvious to provide the article with a plunger to insert the absorbent material through the barrel and into the body of a user.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jacqueline F. Stephens whose telephone number is (571) 272-4937. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tanya Zalukaeva can be reached on (571) 272-1115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 3761

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Page 7

Jacqueline F Stephens

Examiner Art Unit 3761

August 20, 2005